Extract for Race Category 2 Monohulls JANUARY 2020 - DECEMBER 2021

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Because this is an extract not all paragraph numbers will be present

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Official interpretations shall take precedence over these Special Regulations and will be indexed, numbered, dated and displayed on the World Sailing web site www.sailing.org/specialregs

Language & Abbreviations Used

Mo - Monohull

Mu - Multihull

" ** " means the item applies to all types of boat in all Categories except 5 for which see Appendix B or 6 for which see Appendix C.

RED TYPE indicates significant changes in 2020

1.01

Guidance notes and recommendations have been removed from the Regulations and are available on www.sailing.org/documents/offshorespecialregs/index.php

The use of the masculine gender shall be taken to mean either gender

Purpose and Use

Administration

The Offshore Special Regulation are administered by the World Sailing Special Regulation Sub-Committee whose terms of reference are as follows: (www.sailing.org/regulations)

World Sailing Regulation 6.9.8.3 - The Special Regulations Sub-Committee shall: (a) be responsible for the maintenance, revision and changes to the World Sailing Offshore Special Regulations governing offshore racing, under licence from ORC Ltd. Such changes shall be biennial with revised editions published in January of each even year, except that matters of an urgent nature affecting safety may be dealt with by changes to the Regulations on a shorter time scale; (b) monitor developments in offshore racing relative to the standards of safety and seaworthiness.

Any queries please E-Mail: technical@sailing.org

SECTION 1 - FUNDAMENTAL AND DEFINITIONS

		Sailing (RRS), Equipment Rules of Sailing(ERS), class rules and Rating Systems.
**	1.01.3	Use of the OSR does not guarantee total safety of the boat and her crew.
		Particular attention is drawn to the description of OSRs for inshore racing which
		includes that adequate shelter and or effective rescue is available all along the
		·
		course. This is not included in more onerous OSR categories.
	1.02	Responsibility of Person in Charge
**	1.02.1	Under RRS 3 the responsibility for a boat's decision to participate in a

race or continue racing is hers alone. The safety of a boat and her crew is the sole and inescapable responsibility of the Person in Charge who shall do his best to ensure that the boat is fully found, thoroughly seaworthy and manned by an experienced and appropriately trained crew who are physically fit to face bad weather. The person in charge shall also assign a person to take over his responsibilities in the event of his incapacitation.

- 1.02.2 Neither the establishment of the OSR, nor their use by Organizing Authorities, nor the inspection of a boat under the OSR in any way limits or reduces the complete and unlimited responsibility of the Person in Charge.
- 1.02.3 By participating in a race conducted under the OSR, the person in charge, each competitor and boat owner agrees to reasonably cooperate with the organizing authority and World Sailing in the development of an independent incident report as specified in 2.02

1.03 Definitions, Abbreviations, Word Usage

1.03.1 Definitions of Terms used in this document

Abbreviation Description # Pound force (lbf)

ABS American Bureau of Shipping
Age Date Month/year of first launch
AIS Automatic Identification Systems
CEN Comité Européen de Normalisation

Coaming The part of the cockpit, including the transverse after limit, over which

water would run when the boat is floating level and the cockpit is filled

to overflowing

COLREGS International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea

Contained A cockpit where the combined area open aft to the sea is less than

Cockpit 50% maximum cockpit depth x maximum cockpit width

CPR Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation

Crewmember Every person on board DSC Digital Selective Calling

EN European Norm

EPIRB Emergency Position-Indicating Radio Beacon ERS World Sailing - Equipment Rules of Sailing

FA Station The transverse station at which the upper corner of the transom meets

the sheerline.

First Launch Month & year of first launch of the individual boat

Foul-Weather Clothing designed to keep the wearer dry and may consist of one piece

Suit or several

GMDSS Global Maritime Distress & Safety System

GNSS Global Navigation Satellite System

GPS Global Positioning System

Hatch The term hatch includes the entire hatch assembly including the lid or

cover as part of that assembly

HMPE High Modulus Polyethylene (Dyneema®/Spectra® or equivalent)

IMO International Maritime Organisation

IMSO The International Mobile Satellite Organisation, the independent,

intergovernmental organisation that oversees Inmarsat's performance of its Public Service Obligations for the GMDSS and reports on these to

IMO

INMARSAT Inmarsat Global Limited is the private company that provides GMDSS

satellite distress and safety communications, plus general

communications via voice, fax and data

ISAF International Sailing Federation- (now World Sailing)

ISO International Standard Organization or International Organization for

Standardization.

ITU International Telecommunications Union

Jackstay A securely fastened webbing or rope which permits a crewmember to

move from one part of the boat to another without having to unclip a

**

**

**

safety harness tether.

LH Hull Length as defined by the ERS

Lifeline Rope or wire line rigged as guardrail / guardline around the deck

LSA IMO International Life-Saving Appliance Code

LWL (Length of) loaded waterline

Monohull A boat with one hull

Moveable Material carried for the sole purpose of increasing weight and/or Ballast influencing stability and/or trim and which may be moved transversely

but not varied in weight while a boat is racing

Multihull A boat with more than one hull

Open Cockpit A cockpit that is not a Contained Cockpit.

ORC Offshore Racing Congress (formerly Offshore Racing Council)

OSR Offshore Special Regulation(s)

Permanently The item is effectively built-in by e.g. bolting, welding, glassing etc.

Installed and may not be removed for or during racing.

PLB Personal Locator Beacon

Primary Month & Year of first launch of the first boat of the production series or

Launch first launch of a non-series boat

Proa Asymmetric Catamaran

Rode Rope, chain, or a combination of both, which is used to connect an

anchor to the boat.

RRS ISAF - Racing Rules of Sailing

Safety Line A tether used to connect a safety harness to a strong point

SAR Search and Rescue

SART Search and Rescue Transponder

Securely Held strongly in place by a method (e.g. rope lashings, wing-nuts) Fastened which will safely retain the fastened object in severe conditions

including a 180° capsize and allows for the item to be removed and

replaced during racing

SOLAS Safety of Life at Sea Convention

SSS The Safety and Stability Screening numeral

Static Ballast Material carried for the sole purpose of increasing weight and/or to

influencing stability and/or trim and which is not moved or varied in

weight while a boat is racing

Static Safety A safety line (usually shorter than a safety line carried with a harness)

Line kept clipped on at a work-station STIX ISO 12217-2 Stability Index

Variable Ballast Water carried for the sole purpose of influencing stability and/or trim

and which may be varied in weight and/or moved while a boat is

racing.

Waterline The water surface when the boat is floating in measurement trim

World Sailing formerly the International Sailing Federation or ISAF

1.03.2 The words "shall" and "must" are mandatory, and "should" and "may" are

permissive.

1.03.3 The word "yacht" shall be taken as fully interchangeable with the word "boat".

SECTION 2 - APPLICATION & GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

2.01 Categories of Events

2.01 Organizing Authorities shall select from one of the following categories and may modify the OSR to suit local conditions

2.01.3 Category 2

MoMu2

**

**

Races of extended duration along or not far removed from shorelines or in large unprotected bays or lakes, where a high degree of self-sufficiency is required of the boats

2.02 Incident Reporting

The Organizing Authority of a race will establish whether any incidents occurred, which if reported would be likely to be relevant to evolving the Offshore Special Regulations, the plan review process, or in increasing safety. The Organizing Authority will follow any guidelines issued by World Sailing concerning incident reporting.

		2.03	Inspection
	**	2.03	A boat may be inspected at any time. If she fails to comply with the OSR her
			entry may be rejected or she will be subject to protest
		2.04	General Requirements
	**	2.04.1	All equipment required by OSR shall:
	**	a)	function properly
	**	b)	be regularly checked, cleaned and serviced
	**	c)	if it has an expiry date, it will not have exceeded its expiry date whilst racing
	**	d)	when not in use be stowed in conditions in which deterioration is minimised
	**	e)	be readily accessible
	**	f)	be of a type, size and capacity suitable and adequate for the intended use and
			size of the boat.
	**	2.04.2	Heavy items shall be permanently installed or securely fastened
		TRUCTUR	RAL FEATURES, STABILITY, FIXED EQUIPMENT
	**		A boat shall be/have:
	sleste	3.01	Strength of Build and Rig
	**	3.01.1	Properly rigged, fully seaworthy and shall meet the OSR
	**	3.01.2	Equipped with shrouds and at least one forestay that shall remain connected to
ı	I	2.02	the mast and the boat while racing
ı	**	3.02	Watertight and Structural Integrity of a Boat
	11-11-	3.02.1	Essentially watertight and all openings shall be capable of being immediately secured. Centreboard, daggerboard trunks and the like shall not open into the
			interior of a hull except via a watertight maintenance hatch with the opening
			entirely above the Waterline
I	Mo0,1,2,3	3.02.2	Effective 1 January 2022: Structural Inspection - Consult the owner's manual for
	1100/1/2/3	3.02.2	any instructions for keel bolt checking and re-tightening. The following
			inspection to be conducted by a qualified person externally with the boat out of
			the water. Check that there are no visible stress cracks particularly around the
			keel, hull/keel attachment, hull appendages and other stress points, inside the
			hull, backing plates, bolting arrangements and keel floors. (See Appendix L -
			Model Keel and Rudder Inspection Procedure)
	Mo0,1,2,3	3.02.3	Effective 1 January 2022: Evidence of a structural inspection in accordance with
			3.02.2 within 24 months before the start of the race or after a grounding
			whichever is the later
	Mo0,1,2,3	3.02.4	Effective 1 January 2022: Inspection after Grounding – an appropriately
			qualified person shall conduct an internal and external inspection after each
ı			unintentional grounding
	M 0 4 2	3.03	Hull Construction Standards (Scantlings)
	Mo0,1,2	3.03.1	If a monohull with a Primary Launch after 2009
	Mo0,1,2	a)	less than 24 m (78'-9") LH shall:
		a) i)	be designed, built and maintained in accordance with the requirements of ISO 12215 Category A
		a) ii)	have a World Sailing / ISAF building plan review certificate issued from a
		a) II)	notified body recognized by World Sailing, unless higher classification has been
			obtained from a Classification Society recognised by World Sailing. World Sailing
			will publish a list of waived plan review certificates.
	Mo0,1,2	b)	24 m (78'-9") LH and greater shall be designed, built and maintained in
	, _ , _	-,	accordance with the requirements of a Classification Society recognized by
			World Sailing
	Mo0,1,2	c)	have a Builder's Declaration signed and dated by the builder to confirm the boat
		·	is built in accordance with the reviewed plans. In cases when a builder no longer
			exists, a race organizer or class rules may accept a signed statement by a naval
			architect or other person familiar with the requirements of above in lieu of the
			Builder's Declaration, and
	Mo0,1,2	d)	have an additional World Sailing/ISAF certificate of building plan review in
			accordance with a) or b) and c) above for any significant repair of modification
	M M 0 4 0	2.02.5	to the hull, deck, coachroof, keel or appendages.
	MoMu0,1,2	3.03.2	A monohull with Primary Launch between 1987 and 2010, and all multihulls,
			shall have been designed, built, maintained, modified or repaired in accordance

Mo0,1,2	a)	with the requirements of: OSR 3.03.1, or
Mo0,1,2	b)	the ABS Guide for Building and Classing Offshore Yachts and have on board either an ABS certificate of plan approval, or written statements signed by the designer and builder confirming that they have respectively designed and built the boat in accordance with the ABS Guide, or
MoMu0,1,2	c)	the EC Recreational Craft Directive for Category A having obtained the CE mark, or
MoMu0,1,2	d)	ISO 12215 Category A, with written statements signed by the designer and builder confirming that they have respectively designed and built the boat in accordance with the ISO standard, and
MoMu0,1,2	e)	have written statements or approvals in accordance with a), or b) or c) and d) above for all significant repairs or modifications to the hull, deck, coach roof, keel or appendages, on board, except
MoMu0,1,2	f)	that a race organizer or class rules may accept, when that described in a), b), c), d) or e) above is not available, the signed statement by a naval architect or other person familiar with the standards listed above that the boat fulfils these requirements
MaO 1 2	3.04	Stability - Monohulls Able to demonstrate compliance with ISO 12217 2* decign extension A or higher
Mo0,1,2	3.04.1	Able to demonstrate compliance with ISO 12217-2* design category A or higher, either by EC Recreational Craft Directive certification having obtained the CE mark or the designer's declaration
		* The latest effective version of ISO 12217-2 should be used unless the boat
Mo0,1,2,3	3.04.2	was already designed to a previous version Where compliance in accordance with 3.04.1 cannot be demonstrated, able to demonstrate either:
Mo0,1,2	a)	i a STIX value not less than 32; and
Mo0,1,2		ii AVS not less than $130 - 0.002*m$, but always $>= 100°$, (where "m" is the mass of the boat in the minimum operating condition as defined by ISO 12217-2); and
Mo0,1,2		iii a minimum righting energy m*AGZ>172000 (where AGZ is the positive area under the righting lever curve in the minimum operating condition, expressed in kg metre degrees from upright to AVS); or
Extract Mo2	b)	Stability Index in ORC Rating System of not less than 110; or
Extract Mo2	c)	IRC SSS Base value of not less than 28
Ma0 1 2 2 4	3.06 3.06.1	Exits - Monohulls At least two exits if 8.5 m (28') LH and greater and with a Primary Launch after
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.00.1	1994. One exit shall be located forward of the foremost mast except where structural features prevent its installation
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.06.2	The following minimum clear hatch openings if First Launch after 2013:
Mo0,1,2,3,4	a)	a circular hatch with diameter 450 mm (18"); or
Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)	any other shape with minimum dimension of 380 mm (15") and minimum area of 0.18 m 2 (1.9 ft 2) (see figure 1)
Mo0,1,2,3,4		380
**	3.08 3.08.1	Figure 1 - Measurements of Minimum Clear Opening Hatches & Companionways Hatch covers forward of the maximum beam station shall not open toward the
		interior of the boat, except hatches in the side of a coachroof or ports having an area of less than $0.071~\text{m}^2$ (110 in ²)
**	3.08.2 a)	A hatch, including a hatch over a locker shall be: permanently attached and capable of being firmly shut immediately and remaining firmly shut in a 180° capsize
		· '

Mo0,1,2,3,4 Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)	above the water when the boat is heeled 90° A boat may have a maximum of two hatches on each side of centerline that do
		not conform to the requirement in b), provided that the opening of each is less than 0.071^2 m (110 in ²)
	3.08.3	Hatches not conforming with 3.08.1 and 3.08.2 shall be clearly labelled and used in accordance with the following instruction "NOT TO BE OPENED AT SEA"
**	3.08.4	Companionway hatches:
**	a)	fitted with a strong securing arrangement which shall be operable from the exterior and interior even when the boat is inverted
**	b)	blocking devices:
**	i	capable of being retained in position with the hatch open or shut
**	ii	secured to the boat (e.g. by lanyard) for the duration of the race
**	iii	permit exit in the event of inversion
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.08.5	if a monohull with Open Cockpit(s):
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.08.5	a companionway sill that does not extend below the local sheerline; or
00/1/2/0/ .	a)	a companion may an anac accorded external perior and recall entree in the
Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)	a companionway in full compliance with ISO 11812 category A
Mo0,1,2,3,1	3.08.6	if a monohull with Contained Cockpit(s) where the companionway extends
1100,1,2,3,4	5.00.0	below the local sheerline, panels capable of blocking the companionway up to
		the level of the local sheerline whilst giving access to the interior.
	3.09	Cockpits
**	3.09.1	Cockpits that self-drain quickly by gravity at all angles of heel and are
	5.05.1	permanently incorporated as an integral part of the boat
**	3.09.2	A cockpit sole at least 2% LWL above the waterline (or in IMS boats with First
	3.03.2	Launch before 2003, at least 2% L above the waterline)
**	3.09.3	A bow, lateral, central or stern well is a cockpit for the purposes of OSR 3.09
**	3.09.3 3.09.4	Cockpit Volume
**	3.03.4	The maximum combined volume below lowest coamings of all contained
		cockpits shall be:
**	b)	primary launch after March 1992 as above for the appropriate category except
	D)	that "lowest coamings" shall not include any aft of the FA station and no
		extension of a cockpit aft of the working deck shall be included in calculation of
		cockpit volume
	3.09.5	Cockpit Drains
**	3.09.3	Cockpit drain cross section area of unobstructed openings (after allowance for
		screens if fitted) shall be at least that of:
**	a)	2 x 25 mm (1") diameter or equivalent for a boat less than 8.5 m (28') LH
**	b)	4 x 20 mm (3/4") diameter or equivalent for a boat 8.5 m (28') LH or greater
	3.10	Sea Cocks or Valves
**	3.10	Permanently installed sea cocks or valves on all through-hull openings below the
	5.10	waterline except for integral deck scuppers and instrument through-hulls
	3.11	Sheet Winches
**	3.11	Sheet winches mounted in such a way that an operator is not required to be
	5.11	substantially below deck
	3.12	Mast Step
**	3.12	The heel of a keel stepped mast securely fastened to the mast step or adjoining
	3.12	structure
	3.14	Pulpits, Stanchions, Lifelines
**	3.14.1	The perimeter of the deck surrounded by system of lifelines and pulpits as
	3.17.1	follows:
**	a)	Continuous lifelines fixed only at (or near) the bow and stern. However a gate
	a)	on each side of a boat is permitted. Except at its end fittings and at gates, the
		movement of a lifeline in a fore-and-aft direction shall not be constrained.
		Temporary sleeving shall not modify tension in the lifeline.
**	b)	Minimum heights of lifelines and pulpit rails above the working deck and vertical
	u)	openings:
**	i	upper: 600 mm (24")
**	i ii	intermediate: 230 mm (9")
**	iii	vertical opening: no greater than 380 mm (15") except that on a boat with a
	Ш	vertical opening. No greater than 500 min (15) except that on a boat with a

**	c)	Lifelines permanently supported at intervals of not more than 2.2 m (7'-2 1/2")
		and shall not pass outboard of supporting stanchions
**	d)	Pulpit and stanchion bases permanently installed with pulpits and stanchions mechanically retained in their bases
**	e)	The outside of pulpit and stanchion base tubes no further inboard from the edge of the working deck than 5% of maximum beam or 150 mm (6"), whichever is greater, nor further outboard than the edge of the working deck
**	f)	Stanchions straight and vertical except that:
**	i	within the first 50 mm (2") from the deck, stanchions shall not be displaced horizontally from the point at which they emerge from the deck or stanchion base by more than 10 mm (3/8")
**	ii	stanchions may be angled to not more than 10° from vertical at any point above 50 mm (2") from the deck
**	g)	A bow pulpit may be open provided the opening between the pulpit and any part of the boat does not exceed 360 mm (14")
**		

Primary Launch before 1993 where it shall be no greater than 560 mm (22")

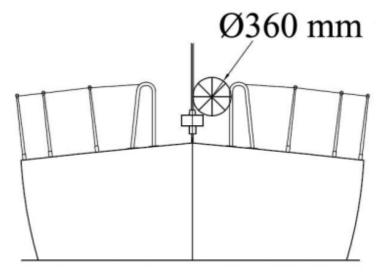


Figure 2 - Diagram Showing Pulpit Opening h) Lifelines may terminate at or pass through adequately braced stanchions set inside and overlapping the bow pulpit ** i) When a deflecting force of 4 kg (8.8 #) is applied to a lifeline at the mid-point of the longest span between supports that are aft of the mast, the deflection shall not exceed: i 50 mm (2") for an upper or single lifeline 120 mm (4 ¾") for an intermediate lifeline ** ii 3.14.3 Spare number 3.14.4 Spare number Spare number 3,14.5 3.14.6 **Lifeline Specifications** 3.14.6 Lifelines of stranded stainless steel wire Mo0,1,2,3a) ** 3.14.6 The minimum diameter is specified in table 8 below b) ** 3.14.6 Stainless steel lifelines shall be uncoated and used without close-fitting sleeving, however, temporary sleeving may be fitted provided it is regularly removed for c) inspection. ** 3.14.6 A lanyard of synthetic rope may be used to secure lifelines provided the gap it closes does not exceed 100 mm (4"). This lanyard shall be replaced annually d) ** All components of the lifeline enclosure system shall have a breaking strength 3.14.6 e) no less than the lifeline Wire Min. lifeline HMPE rope (Single braid) LH HMPE Core (Braid on braid) diameter min. lifeline diameter min. lifeline diameter 3mm (1/8") 4mm (5/32") 4mm (5/32") under

8.5m (28')

	8.5m - 13m	4mm (5/32")	5mm (3/16")	5mm (3/16")					
	over 13m (42' 8")	n 5mm (3/16")	5mm (3/16")	5mm (3/16")					
	3.17	Toe Rail or Foot -	Stop						
Mo0,1,2,3	3.17.1	Permanently installe	d toe rail of minimun	n height 25 mm (1"), located as close bund the foredeck from abreast the					
Mo0,1,2,3	3.17.2	An additional lifeline toe rail on a boat wi	An additional lifeline of between 25-50 mm (1-2") high is permitted in lieu of a oe rail on a boat with Primary Launch before 1984.						
MoMu0,1,2	3.18 3.18.1	Toilet Permanently installe	d toilet						
MoMu1,2,3,4	3.19 3.19.2	Bunks Permanently installe	d bunks						
	3.20	Cooking Facilities							
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.20	with fuel shutoff con	itrol	able of being operated safely at sea,					
	3.21	_	anks & Drinking W	ater					
MaMu2 2	3.21.1	Drinking Water Ta		water tank(s)					
MoMu2,3	3.21.1	Permanently installe	d delivery pump and	water tank(s)					
	a) 3.21.3	Emergency Drinki	na Water						
MoMu1,2,3	3.21.3	•		r for emergency use in a dedicated and					
1101141,2,3	a)	sealed container or o	, –	Tor emergency use in a dedicated and					
	3.22	Hand Holds	5011641161(5)						
**	3.22	Adequate hand hold	s fitted below deck						
	3.23	Bilge Pumps and I	Buckets						
**	3.23.1	two strong buckets,	each with a lanyard	and of at least 9 I (2.4 US GaI) capacity					
	a)								
Mo0,1,2	3.23.1	•		numps, one operable from above, the					
	b)	other from below de							
**	3.23.2		companionways shut	umps shall be operable with all cockpit and with permanently installed					
**	3.23.3	Bilge pumps shall no	ot be connected to co	ockpit drains and shall not discharge					
**	3.23.4			or maintenance and for clearing out					
		debris							
**	3.23.5 3.24	Compass	oump handles retaine	, ,					
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.24 a)			ng used as a steering compass:					
MoMu0,1,2,3,	3.24 b)			teering compass, independent of any					
4 MaMuO 1 2 2	2 24 6)		ctly adjusted with dev						
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.24 c) 3.25	Halyards.	hich may be hand-h	eld alld/of electroffic					
**	3.25 a)	-	alvards each canabl	e of hoisting a sail, on each mast					
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.25 b)	No halyard shall be I that requires a person	locked, lashed or oth on to go aloft in orde	erwise secured to the mast in a way r to lower a sail in a controlled manner,					
		except for a headsai	I in use with a furling	g device.					
	2 27	Nandard Control							
I	3.27 3.27.1	Navigation Lights		tions for Preventing Collisions at Sea					
	5.27.1		_	be exhibited as required by those					
**	3.27.2		erline and so that the	ey will not be masked by sails or the					
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.27.3	reserve lights having the same specifications as above, and that can be powered							
**	3.27.4	independently spare bulbs (not req	uired for LFD)						
	J,		ca . c LLD /						

	3.28	Engines, Generators, Fuel
**	3.28.1 3.28.1	Propulsion Engines engines and associated systems installed in accordance with their
MoMu0,1,2,3	a) 3.28.1	manufacturers' guidelines and suitable for the size and intended use of the boat an engine which provides a minimum speed in knots of $(1.8 \times \sqrt{LWL})$ in metres)
	b)	or (√ LWL in feet)
Mo0,1,2Mu0	3.28.1 c)	inboard engine
**	3.28.1 d)	an inboard combustion engine shall have a permanently installed exhaust, cooling system, fuel supply, fuel tank(s) and shall have adequate heavy weather protection
**	3.28.1 e)	an inboard electrical engine, when fitted, shall be provided with a permanently installed power supply, adequate heavy weather protection and have an engine control system.
**	3.28.2 3.28.2	Generator If an optional generator separate from the propulsion engine is carried, it shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's quidelines
	3.28.3	Liquid Fuel Systems
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.3 a)	All fuel tanks for storage of liquid fuels shall be rigid (but may have permanently installed flexible linings) and shall have a shutoff valve
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.3	At the start a boat with a combustion engine shall carry sufficient fuel to meet
	b)	charging requirements for the duration of the race and to motor at the above minimum speed for at least 5 hours
-	3.28.4	Battery Systems
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.28.4	a dedicated engine/generator starting battery when an electric starter is the
**	a) 3.28.4	only method for starting the engine and/or separate generator batteries installed after 2011 shall be of the sealed type from which liquid
	b)	electrolyte cannot escape
**	3.28.4 c)	At the start a boat with an electric engine shall carry sufficient capacity to meet electrical requirements for the duration of the race and to motor at the above
	3.29	minimum speed for at least 5 hours Communications Equipment, GPS, Radar, AIS
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.29.1	a marine radio transceiver with an emergency antenna when the regular
MaMuO 1 2 2	3.29.2	antenna depends upon the mast if the marine radio transceiver is a VHF:
MoMu0,1,2,3 MoMu0,1,2,3	3.29.2	a minimum rated output power of 25 W
	a)	
MoMu0,1,2	3.29.2 b)	a masthead antenna not less than 38 cm (15") in length and co-axial feeder cable with not more than 40% power loss
MoMu1,2,3	3.29.2 c)	be DSC capable if installed after 2015
MoMu1,2,3	3.29.2 d)	DSC capable VHF transceivers shall be programmed with an assigned MMSI (unique to the boat), be connected to a GPS receiver and be capable of making distress alert calls as well as sending and receiving a DSC position report with another DSC equipped station
MoMu1,2,3,4	3.29.5	a hand-held marine VHF transceiver, watertight or with a waterproof cover. When not in use to be stowed in a grab bag or emergency container (see OSR 4.21)
**	3.29.6	a second radio receiver, which may be the handheld VHF in 3.29.5 above, capable of receiving weather bulletins
Mo0,1,2,3 Mu1,2,3	3.29.13	an AIS Transponder which either:
MoMu0,1,2,3	3.29.13	shares the masthead VHF antenna via a low loss AIS antenna splitter; or
MoMu0,1,2,3	a) 3.29.13	has a dedicated AIS antenna not less than 38 cm (15") in length mounted with
	b)	its base not less than 3 m (10') above the Waterline and co-axial feeder cable with not more than 40% power loss
SECTION 4 -	PORTABLE	EQUIPMENT
		A boat shall have:

	4.01	Sail Letters & Numbers
**	4.01.1	Identification on sails which complies with RRS 77 and RRS Appendix G
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.01.2	An alternative means of displaying identification as required under RRS
		Appendix G for a mainsail, to be displayed when none of the numbered sails are
		set
	4.02	Search and Rescue Visibility
	4.03	Soft Wood Plugs
**	4.03	A tapered soft wood plug stowed adjacent to every through-hull opening
	4.04	Jackstays and Clipping Points
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.1	Permanently Installed fittings for jackstay ends and clipping points
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2	Jackstays which shall:
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2	be independent on each side of the deck
	a)	
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2	enable a crewmember to move readily between the working areas on deck and
	b)	the cockpit(s) with the minimum of clipping and unclipping operations
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.2	have a breaking strength of 2040 kg (4500#) and be uncoated and non-sleeved
	c)	stainless steel 1 x 19 wire of minimum diameter 5 mm (3/16"), webbing or
		HMPE rope
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.3	Clipping points which shall:
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.3	be adjacent to stations such as the helm, sheet winches and masts, where
	a)	crewmembers work
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.3	enable a crewmember to clip on before coming on deck and unclip after going
	b)	below
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.04.3	enable two-thirds of the crew to be simultaneously clipped on without
	c)	depending on jackstays
	4.05	Fire Fighting Equipment
**	4.05.1	A fire blanket adjacent to every cooking device with an open flame
MoMu1,2,3	4.05.2	2 fire extinguishers, each with 2 kg of dry powder or equivalent, in different
		parts of the boat
	4.06	Anchors
MoMu1,2,3	4.06.2	2 un-modified anchors that meet the anchor manufacturer's recommendation
		based on the boat's dimensions with suitable combination of chain and rope,
		ready for immediate assembly, and ready for deployment within 5 minutes
		except that for a boat less than 8.5 m (28') LH there shall be 1 anchor meeting
	4.07	the same criteria.
**	4.07	Flashlights and Searchlights
	4.07.1 4.07.1	Watertight lights with spare batteries and bulbs as follows:
MoMu0,1,2,3		a searchlight, suitable for searching for a person overboard at night and for collision avoidance
MoMu0,1,2,3	a) 4.07.1	a flashlight in addition to 4.07 a)
14101410,1,2,3	4.07.1 b)	a hashinghe in addition to 4.07 a)
	4.08	First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit
**	4.08	A First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit. The contents and storage of the First Aid Kit
	1.00	shall reflect the likely conditions and duration of the passage, and the number of
		crew
	4.09	Foghorn
**	4.09	A foghorn
	4.10	Radar Reflector
**	4.10.1	A passive radar reflector with:
**	4.10.1	octahedral circular plates of minimum diameter 30 cm (12"), or
	a)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
**	4.10.1	octahedral rectangular plates of minimum diagonal dimension 40 cm (16"), or
	b)	5
**	4.10.1	a non-octahedral reflector with a documented Root Mean Square minimum
	c)	Radar Cross Section (RCS) area of 2 m ² (22 ft ²) from 0-360° of azimuth and
	•	±20° of heel
	4.11	Navigation Equipment
**	4.11	Navigational charts (not solely electronic), light list and chart plotting equipment
	4.12	Safety Equipment Location Chart

**	4.12	A safety equipment location diagram in durable waterproof material, clearly displayed in the main accommodation, marked with the location of principal items of safety equipment		
	4.13	Depth, Speed and Distance Instruments		
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.13.1	A knotmeter or distance measuring instrument (log)		
MoMu,1,2,3,4	4.13.2	A depth sounder		
	4.14	Spare Number		
	4.15	Emergency Steering		
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.15.1	An emergency tiller capable of being fitted to the rudder stock except when		
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.15.1	the principal method of steering is by means of an unbreakable metal tiller		
	a)			
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.15.1	there are two methods (e.g. tillers, wheels) of controlling a rudder, neither of		
MaM. O 1 2 2	b)	which shares components with the other except for the rudder stock.		
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.15.2 4.16	A proven method of emergency steering with the rudder disabled		
**	4.16 4.16.1	Tools and Spare Parts		
**	4.16.1	Tools and spare parts, suitable for the duration and nature of the passage An effective means to quickly disconnect or sever the standing rigging from the		
	7.10.2	boat		
	4.17	Boat's name		
**	4.17	The boat's name on miscellaneous buoyant equipment, such as lifejackets,		
	,	cushions, lifebuoys, recovery slings, grab bags etc.		
	4.18	Retro-reflective material		
**	4.18	Marine grade retro-reflective material on lifebuoys, recovery slings, liferafts and		
		lifejackets		
	4.19	EPIRBs		
MoMu1,2	4.19.1	A water and manually activated 406 MHz EPIRB		
MoMu0,1,2	4.19.2	A 406 MHz EPIRB registered after 2015 shall include an internal GPS		
MoMu0,1,2 4.19.3 All EPIRBs registered with the appropriate authority associated with t				
		code in the hexadecimal identification (15 Hex ID) of the beacon. A beacon can		
		be registered online with the Cospas-Sarsat IBRD if the country does not		
		provide a registration facility and the country has allowed direct registration in		
	4 20	the IBRD		
	4.20	Liferafts Liferaft Construction		
MoMu1,2	4.20.1 4.20.1	One or more inflatable liferafts with a total capacity to accommodate at least the		
1101111,2	a)	total number of people on board which complies with:		
MoMu1,2	4.20.1	SOLAS LSA Code 1997 Chapter IV or later version; or		
1101141/2	a) i	SOLID LOT GODG 1337 Grapes IV or later version, or		
MoMu1,2	4.20.1	ISO 9650-1:2005, Type 1, Group A - Small Craft - Inflatable; or		
,	a) ii	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
MoMu1,2	4.20.1	ISAF liferafts manufactured before 2016 until replacement is due at end of		
	a) iii	service life; or		
MoMu1,2	4.20.1	ORC liferafts manufactured before 2003 until replacement is due at end of		
	a) iv	service life		
	4.20.2	Minimum Liferaft Equipment		
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.2	A SOLAS liferaft shall contain as a minimum a SOLAS A pack;		
Man	a)	An ICO OCEO lifewaft shall contain as a minimum Dask 2 (loss than 24 hours		
MuMo2	4.20.2	An ISO 9650 liferaft shall contain as a minimum Pack 2 (less than 24 hour		
MoMu1,2	c) 4.20.2	pack); The minimum contents of the ISO liferaft equipment packs are listed below. Not		
14014111,2	d)	all items are necessarily packed within the liferaft. Some items are permitted to		
	u)	be carried within an accompanying waterproof grab bag which shall be in a		
		readily accessible location:		
	Equipm	·		
	-1 sle s	1 2 liferaft		
		> < or in		
		24h 24h grab		
		bag		
	Portable	e buoyant baler easily operable by hand 1 1 X		

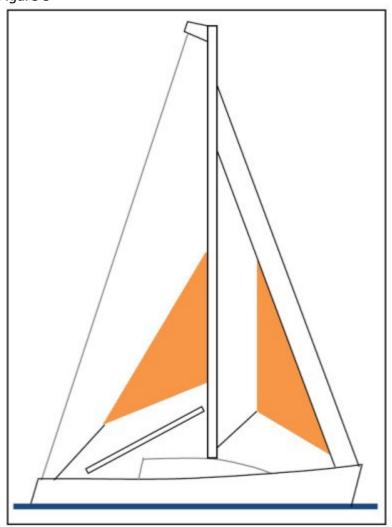
	Sponge		2	2	Χ	
		buoyant paddles with handles (not mitts) tied	1	1	X	
		t adjacent to an entrance		_		
		d Kit including at least 2 tubes of sunscreen. All gs must be capable of being effectively used in	1	0		X
		nditions. The first aid kit shall be clearly marked				
		all be re-sealable.				
	Whistle		1	1	Χ	
		roof torch with 6 h duration and separate	2	1	Χ	
		and bulb or complementary torch	1	1	Χ	
	_	ng mirror asickness pills, per person	1 6	1 6	^	Χ
		ness bag with simple effective closure system,	1	1		X
	per per	=				
		nd flares in accordance with SOLAS LSA Code	6	3	3 min	Χ
	•	rachute flares in accordance with SOLAS LSA	2	2	1 min	Χ
	•	hapter III, 3.1	2	Z	1 min	۸
		I protective aids in accordance with SOLAS LSA	2	0		Χ
	Code Cl	hapter III, 2.5				
		outfit to enable survivors to repair leaks in any	1	1	Χ	
		the inflatable compartments. Repair systems				
		ork when wet and be capable of being applied violent motion.				
	_	up or bellows which shall be simple, robust and	1	1	Χ	
	complet	te, with all necessary connections (loose parts				
		captive to the main apparatus) ready for				
		use to enable air to be pumped into any or all				
		nflatable compartments. The air pump or shall be designed and built specifically for				
		peration by hand				
	Drinking water per person, in containers of each not more than 500mL			0	X 0.5	Xa
				_	L	
	Food pe	er person	10 000	0		X
			kJ			
	* Drink	ing water in the grab bag (if any) may be				
	•	d with a desalinator device				
MoMu1,2	4.20.2	Portable buoyant bailer easily operable by har	nd			
MoMu1,2	d) i 4.20.2	2 sponges				
1101111,2	d)ii	2 sponges				
MoMu1,2	4.20.2	Pair of buoyant paddles with handles (not mit	ts) tied	into ra	ft adjacer	nt to an
	d)iii	entrance				
MoMu1,2	4.20.2	Whistle				
MoMu2	d)iv 4.20.2	Waterproof torch with 6 h duration and				
MOME	d)v	waterproof toren with on duration and				
MoMu2	4.20.2	Spare waterproof torch or spare battery and b	oulb			
	d)vi					
MoMu1,2	4.20.2	Signalling mirror				
MoMu1,2	d)vii 4.20.2	6 anti-seasickness pills per person *				
momut ₁ 2	d)viii	o unu seasienness pins per person				
MoMu1,2	4.20.2	Seasickness bag per person, each with a simp	ole, effe	ctive, c	losure sy	stem *
·	d)ix	-, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•		•	
MoMu2	4.20.2	3 hand flares in accordance with SOLAS LSA	Code Cl	napter	III, 3.2.	
MoMu1 2	d)x 4.20.2	2 rod parachuto flaros in accordance with COL	۸۵۱۵۸	Codo	Chantar T	TT 21 1
MoMu1,2	7.20.2	2 red parachute flares in accordance with SOL	LAS LSA	code	спарсет 1	11, 3.1. 1

	d)xi	may be stowed in the grab bag.
MoMu1,2	4.20.2	Kit to repair leaks in most inflatable compartments, operable in wet conditions
MoMu1,2	d)xii 4.20.2	and during violent motion
MOMU1,2	d)xiii	Hand operable air pump, capable of and ready for immediate use to inflate most compartments. Loose parts captive to the pump.
MoMu1,2	·	* may be packed in grab bag instead of liferaft
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3 4.20.3	Liferaft Packing and Stowage Each liferaft shall be packed either in:-
MOMUO,1,2	a)	Lacri illerart shall be packed either in
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3	a rigid container securely stowed on the working deck, in the cockpit or in an
MoMu0,1,2	a) i 4.20.3	open space; or:- a rigid container or valise securely stowed in a dedicated weather tight locker
	a) ii	containing liferaft and abandon ship equipment only which is readily accessible
MaMul 2	4 20 2	and opens onto the cockpit or working deck, or transom
MoMu1,2	4.20.3 b)	In a boat with primary launch before June 2001, a liferaft may be packed in a valise not exceeding 40 kg securely stowed below deck adjacent to a
	-	companionway
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3	On a multihull or on a monohull with moveable ballast the liferaft shall be
MoMu0,1,2	c) 4.20.3	readily deployable whether or not the boat is inverted The end of each liferaft painter should be securely fastened to the boat
	d)	
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.3	Each raft shall be capable of being got to the lifelines or launched within 15
	e) 4.20.4	seconds Spare Number
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	Liferaft Servicing
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	A liferaft shall be serviced at a manufacturer authorized service station at the
MoMu0,1,2	a) 4.20.5	following maximum intervals: SOLAS liferafts annually
11011007172	a) i	Sel le merare armaany
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5 a) ii	ISO 9650 canister packed liferafts every 3 years
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	ISO 9650 valise packed liferafts every 3 years except that hired liferafts shall be
	a) iii	serviced annually
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5 a) iv	ISAF liferafts annually
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5	ORC liferafts annually
M-M-0 1 2	a) v	
MoMu0,1,2	4.20.5 b)	Servicing certificates (original or a copy) on board
	4.21	Grab Bags
**	4.21 f)	If a grab bag is provided it shall have inherent flotation, at least 0.1 m ² (1 ft ²)
		area of fluorescent orange colour on the outside, shall be marked with the name of the boat, and shall have a lanyard and clip
	4.22	Crew Overboard Identification and Recovery
	4.22.1	Locator Beacons
MoMu0,1,2	4.22.1 b)	An AIS personal crew overboard beacon for each crew member
MoMu0,1,2	4.22.1d)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		associated with the country code in the hexadecimal identification (15 Hex ID) of the beacon. A beacon can be registered online with the Cospas-Sarsat IBRD
		if the country does not provide a registration facility and the country has allowed
	4 22 2	direct registration in the IBRD.
MoMu1,2	4.22.2 4.22.2	GPS Crew Overboard Position A GPS capable of recording a crew overboard position, within 10 seconds, and
. 10. 101/2	c)	monitoring that position
MoMu0,1,2	4.22.3	a lifebuoy with a self-igniting light, a whistle and a drogue
MoMu0,1,2	4.22.4	In addition to 4.22.3 above, within reach of the helmsman and ready for immediate use, a second lifebuoy equipped with:
MoMu0,1,2	4.22.4	a whistle, a drogue, a self-igniting light and

	2)						
MoMu0,1,2	a) 4.22.4	a nole a	and flag. The note shall be either i	permanently extended or be capable of			
1 101 100,1,2	b)	•	being fully automatically extended				
MoMu0,1,2	4.22.5	_	At least one lifebuoy shall depend entirely on permanent buoyancy (e.g. foam)				
**	4.22.6		Each inflatable lifebuoy and any automatic device shall be tested and serviced at intervals in accordance with its manufacturer's instructions				
**	4.22.7		ng line, no less than 6 mm (1/4") accessible to cockpit	diameter, 15 - 25 m (50 - 75') long,			
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.22.8	A recov	ery sling which includes a:				
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.22.8 a)	buoyan	buoyant line of length no less than the shorter of 4 times LH or 36m (120')				
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.22.8	buoyan	cy section (horseshoe) with no le	ss than 90 N (20#) buoyancy			
	b)						
MoMu0,1,2,3	4.22.9	minimu	m strength capable to hoist a cre	wmember aboard			
	c)						
	4.23	-	chnic and Light Signals				
**	4.23			forming to SOLAS LSA Code Chapter III			
				mped expiry date (if any) or if no			
			date stamped , not older than 4 ye				
	Race Ca	- ,	Red Hand Flares LSA III 3.2	Orange Smoke Flares LSA III 3.3			
	MoMu0,	1,2,3	4	2			
	MoMu4			2			
	4.24	Spare N					
	4.25	Cockpi	t Knife				
**	4.25		g, sharp knife, sheathed and secu ble from the deck or a cockpit.	rely restrained shall be provided readily			
	4 26	Storm	& Heavy Weather Sails				

Storm & Heavy Weather Sails Design Figure 3 4.26

4.26.1



MoMu1,2		
**	4.26.1	The material of the body of a storm sail purchased after 2013 shall have a
**	a) 4.26.1 b)	highly-visible colour (e.g. dayglo pink, orange or yellow) Aromatic polyamides, carbon and similar fibres shall not be used in a trysail or storm jib but HMPE and similar materials are permitted
**	4.26.1 c)	Sheeting positions on deck for each storm and heavy-weather sail
**	4.26.1 d)	Sheeting positions for the trysail independent of the boom
**	u)	
**	4.26.2 4.26.2	Sail Areas The maximum area of storm and heavy weather sails shall be lesser of the areas
MoMu0,1,2,3		below or as specified by the boat designer or sailmaker A heavy-weather jib (or heavy-weather sail in a boat with no forestay)
**	a) 4.26.2	with: area of 13.5% height of the foretriangle squared
**	a) i 4.26.2 a) ii	readily available means, independent of a luff groove, to attach to the stay
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 b)	A storm jib with:
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 b) i	area of 5% height of the foretriangle squared
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 b) ii	maximum luff length 65% of height of foretriangle
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 b) iii	permanently attached means, independent of a luff groove, to attach to the stay
**	4.26.2 c)	For sails made after 2011: Storm and heavy weather jib areas calculated as: (0.255×1) luff length x (luff perpendicular + 2 x half width))
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2	A storm trysail with:
MoMu0,1,2	d) 4.26.2 d) i	area not greater than 17.5% mainsail hoist (P) x mainsail foot length (E)
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 d) ii	For sails made after 2011:The storm trysail are calculated as (0.5 x leech length x shortest distance between tack point and leech)
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 d) iii	no headboard
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 d) iv	no battens
MoMu0,1,2	4.26.2 d) v	sail number and letters on both sides, as large as practicable
MoMu0,1,2 ■	4.26.2 d) vi 4.26.3	in the case of a boat with an in-mast furling mainsail, the storm trysail shall be capable of being set while the mainsail is furled Sail Inventory
MoMu1,2	4.26.3 a) i 4.28	either a storm trysail as defined in OSR 4.26.2 d), or mainsail reefing to reduce the luff by at least 50% (or rotating wing mast if suitable) Spare Number
	4.29	Deck Bags
	4.30	Emergency Pumps
Mo0,1,2	4.30.1	either fixed or portable pump to remove ingress water from any compartment.
Mo0,1,2 Mo0,1,2 Mo0,1,2	4.30.1 a)	This pump shall:
14100,1,2	4.30.1 b)	have a minimum rated capacity of 200 l/min
Mo0,1,2 Mo0,1,2	4.30.1 c)	be operated by battery, main engine powered or a separate engine
Mo0,1,2	4.30.1 d)	if portable electric-powered, power cables to be terminated with alligator clips
Mo0,1,2	4.30.1	have sufficient hose to discharge directly overboard or into the cockpit.

I	e)	
	4.30.1	A combination of permanently installed and portable pumps may be combined to
	f)	meet the above requirement.
ماد ماد		SECTION 5 - PERSONAL EQUIPMENT
**	F 04	Each crew member shall have:
**	5.01	Lifejacket
**	5.01.1 5.01.1	A lifejacket which shall: if manufactured before 2012 comply with ISO 12402 - 3 (Level 150) or
	a)i)	equivalent, including EN 396 or UL 1180 and:
**	5.01.1	if inflatable have a gas inflation system
	a)i)	ii iiiidaabie have a gas iiiidaan system
**	5.01.1	have crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system (RUPS))
	a)i)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
MoMu0,1,2	5.01.1	have an integral safety harness in compliance with OSR 5.02
	a)i)	
**	5.01.1	if manufactured after 2011 comply with ISO 12402-3 (Level 150) and be fitted
	a) ii	with a whistle, lifting loop, reflective material automatic/manual gas inflation
ماد ماد	E 04 4	system
**	5.01.1	crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system (RUPS))
MoMu0,1,2	a) ii 5.01.1	an integral safety harness in compliance with OSR 5.02
1401410,1,2	a) ii	all integral safety flamess in compliance with OSK 3.02
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.01.1	have an emergency position indicating light in accordance with either ISO
1101140/1/2/5	b)	12402-8 or SOLAS LSA code 2.2.3
**	5.01.1	be clearly marked with the boat's or wearer's name
	c)	,
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.01.1	have a sprayhood in accordance with ISO 12402-8
	d)	
**	5.01.1	if inflatable, regulalrly checked for air retention
M-M-0 1 2 2	f)	A book shall sow, at locat one are inflatable life include accurate discount of
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.01.2	A boat shall carry at least one gas inflatable lifejacket spare cylinder and, if appropriate, spare activation head for each type of lifejacket on board.
MoMu0,1,2	5.01.3	A boat shall carry at least one spare lifejacket as required in OSR 5.01.1, (a
1401400,1,2	3.01.3	spare PLB described in 5.01.1(e) is not required)
**	5.01.4	The person in charge shall personally check each lifejacket at least once
	0.02	annually.
	5.02	Safety Harness and Tethers
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.1	A harness that complies with ISO 12401 or equivalent
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2	A tether that shall:
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2	comply with ISO 12401 or equivalent
	a)	
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2	not exceed 2 m (6'-6") including the length of the hooks
MaMuO 1 2 2	b)	have self closing healts
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2 c)	have self-closing hooks
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2	have overload indicator flag embedded in the stitching
1101100,1,2,3	d)	have overload indicator hag embedded in the stitching
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.2	be manufactured after 2000
	e)	
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.3	All of the crew shall have either:
MoMu0,1,2,3	a)	a tether not exceeding 1m(3'3") including the length of the hooks, or
MoMu0,1,2,3	b)	an intermediate self-closing hook on a 2 m (6'-6") tether
MoMu0,1,2,3	5.02.5	A tether which has been overloaded shall be replaced
	5.07	Survival Equipment
	5.08	Diving Equipment
MoMu0,1,2	6.01.2	SECTION 6 - TRAINING At least 30% but not fewer than two members of a crew, including the Person in
1110111110,1,2	0.01.2	Charge shall have undertaken training within the five years before the start of
		the race in OSR 6.02 Training Topics
		3.3.3.5 m 33.0 0.02 maning rapido

MoMu0,1,2	6.01.4	Except as otherwise provided in the Notice of Race, an in-date certificate gained at a World Sailing / ISAF Approved Offshore Personal Survival Training course shall be accepted by a race organizing authority as evidence of compliance with Special Regulation 6.01. See Appendix G - Model Training Course, for further details.
	6.02	Training Topics
	6.02.1	Giving Assistance to Other Craft
	6.02.2	Personal Safety Gear, theory and practice
	6.02.3	Care and Maintenance of Safety Gear
	6.02.4	Fire Precautions and Firefighting, theory and practical
	6.02.5	Crew Overboard Identification and Recovery
	6.02.6	Hypothermia, Cold Shock and Drowning
	6.02.7	Crew Health
	6.02.8	Marine Weather
	6.02.9	Heavy Weather
	6.02.10	Storm Sails
	6.02.11	Damage Control
	6.02.12	Search and Rescue Organization
	6.02.13	Pyrotechnics and Signalling Gear, theory and practical
	6.02.14	Emergency Communications, theory and practical
	6.02.15	Liferafts and Abandon Ship, theory and practical
	6.03	Spare Number Bouting Training On Board
**	6.04 6.04	Routine Training On-Board At least appually the grows shall practice the drills for:
**	6.04 a)	At least annually the crews shall practice the drills for: Crew-Overboard Recovery
**	6.04 b)	Abandonment of vessel
	6.05	Medical Training
MoMu2	6.05.2	At least one crewmember shall have a valid first aid certificate completed within
1.01.102	0.00.2	the last five years meeting:
MoMu0,1,2	6.05.2	A certificate listed on the World Sailing website www.sailing.org/specialregs of
, ,	a)	MNA recognised courses
MoMu0,1,2	6.05.2	STCW First Aid Training complying with A-VI/1-3 - Elementary First Aid or higher
	b)	STCW level
	6.06	Diving Training
		APPENDICES TO SPECIAL REGULATIONS
		Appendix A - Moveable and Variable Ballast
		Appendix B - For Inshore Racing
		Appendix C - For Inshore Dinghy Racing
		Appendix D - A guide to ISO and other Standards
		Appendix E - World Sailing Code for the organisation of Oceanic Races
		Appendix F - Standard Inspection Card
		Appendix G - Model Training Course
		Appendix H - Model First Aid Training Course
		Appendix J - Hypothermia Appendix K - Drogues and sea anchors
		Appendix L – Model Rudder and Keel Inspection Procedure
		Appendix L - Proder Rudder and Reel Hispection Procedure